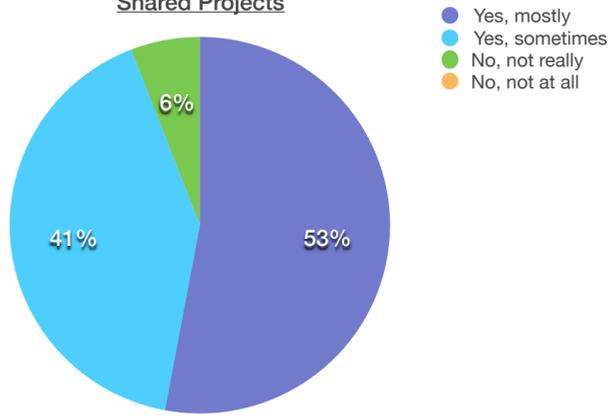


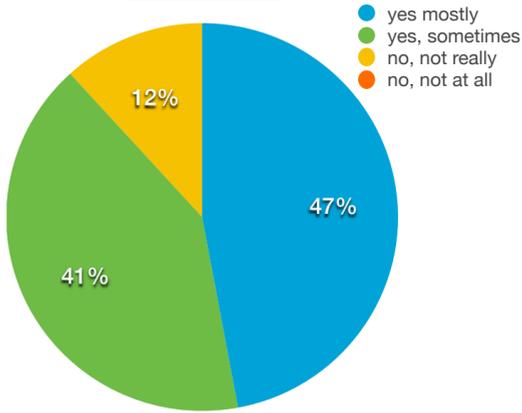
Did you enjoy doing projects with other children

YES, MOSTLY	9
Yes, sometimes	7
No, not really	1
No, not at all	0

Shared Projects



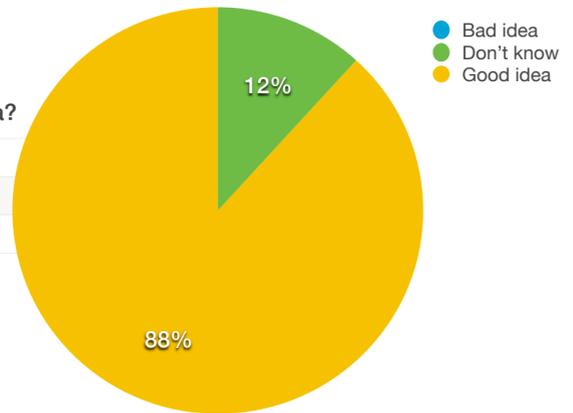
Shared classes



Did you enjoy having classes with other children

Yes, mostly	8
Yes, sometimes	7
No, not really	2
No, not at all	0

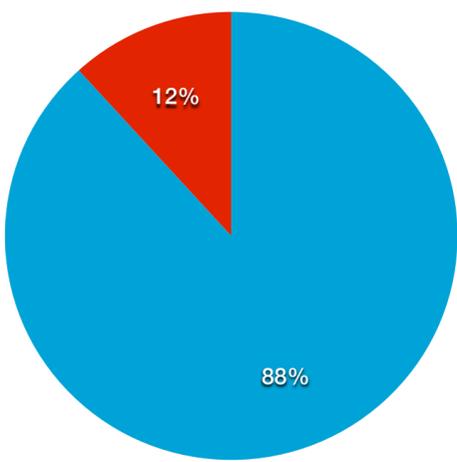
Having classes with other schools



Do you think doing classes with pupils from other schools is a good idea?

Good idea	15
Bad idea	0
Don't know	2

Sharing facilities/equipment



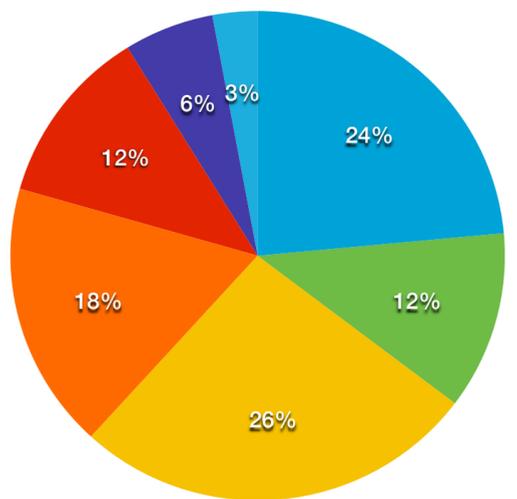
Do you think sharing facilities/equipment with pupils from other schools is a good idea?-1

Good idea	15
Bad idea	0
Don't know	2

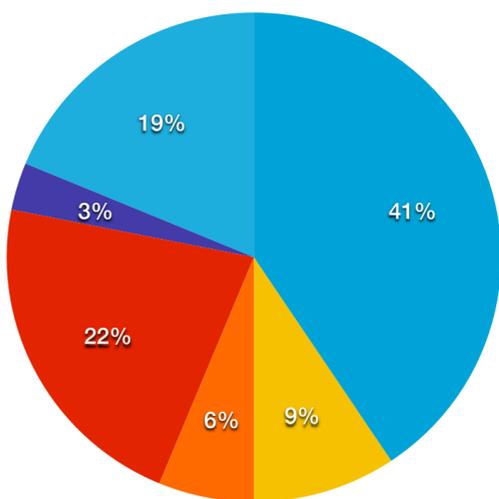
Benefits of getting schools to work together

Using their sports facilities/ICT/equipment	8
Getting taught by different teachers	4
Having classes that we dont normally get to do, e.g. new language	9
making new friends	6
Doing interesting projects	4
I don't have any favourites	2
I dont know	1

Benefits of working with other schools



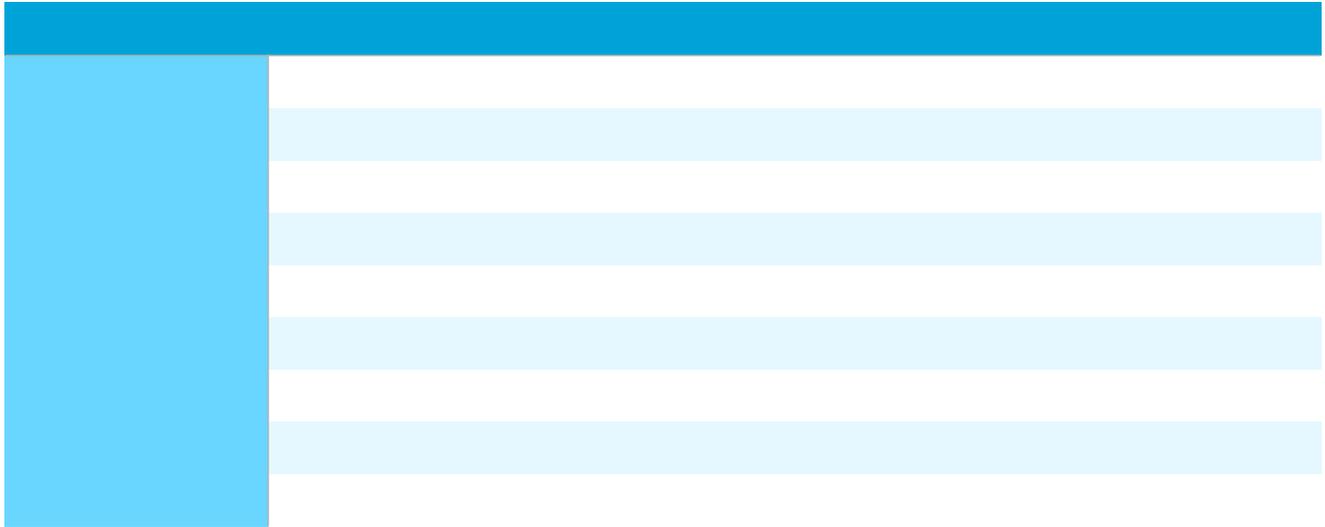
Drawbacks of working with other schools



- Disruptive pupils
- sharing facilities
- Different religion
- travel
- mix with different pupils
- don't mind
- don't know

Drawbacks of getting schools to work together

Being with pupils who I think are disruptive	13
Having to share our facilities/ICT/equipment	0
Having to be with people of a different religion	3
Having to travel to get to the other school	2
Having to mix with people who are very different to me	7
I don't mind any of these	1
I dont know	6

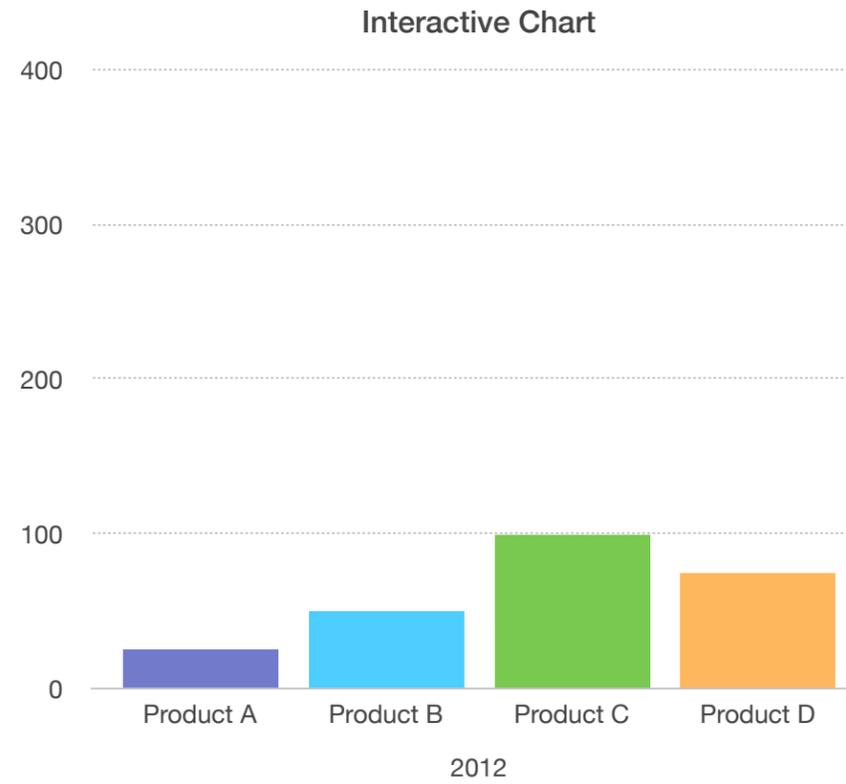


Interactive charts let you explore and present data in stages, to emphasize relationships between values or groups of data. Drag the slider to see different data sets.

Interactive charts can be used to show data like sales by group over time, expenses by department, and population changes by country per continent.

Yearly Sales by Product

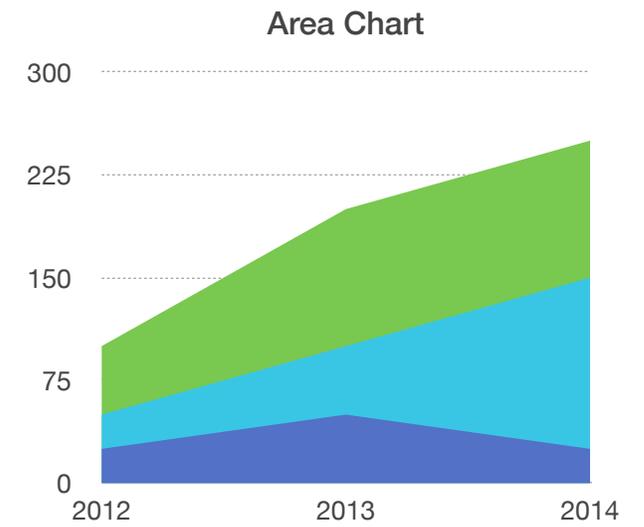
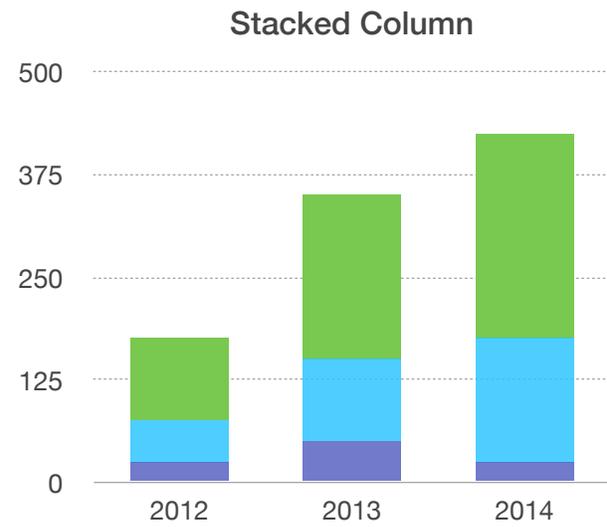
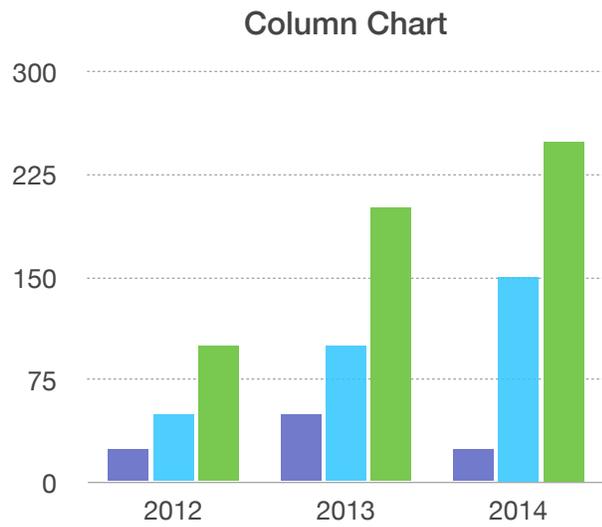
DESCRIPTION	2012	2013	2014	2015
Product A	25	50	100	75
Product B	50	100	150	100
Product C	100	200	250	350
Product D	75	100	150	200



Column, stacked column, and area charts compare data from multiple categories. For example, you can compare the annual sales of three products. The x-axis shows years and the y-axis shows quantities.

Comparison of Units Sold by Year

DESCRIPTION	2012	2013	2014
Product 1	25	50	25
Product 2	50	100	150
Product 3	100	200	250



Product 1 Product 2 Product 3

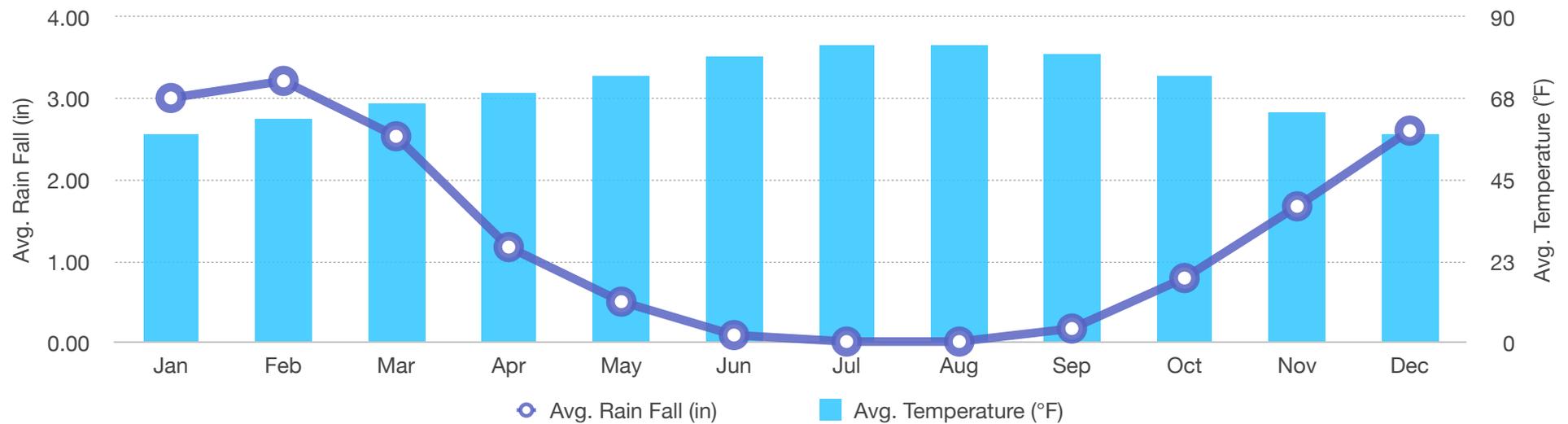
Two-axis charts allow you to compare series of data that share x-axis values but have different values on their y-axis. Two-axis charts combine two different charts into one.

Common examples of two-axis charts compare rainfall and temperature, stock closing price and volume change over time, revenue and year-over-year growth, and blood pressure and weight over time.

Average Rainfall

MONTH	AVG. RAIN FALL (IN)	AVG. TEMPERATURE (°F)
Jan	3.01	58
Feb	3.22	62
Mar	2.54	66
Apr	1.18	69
May	0.51	74
Jun	0.10	79
Jul	0.02	82
Aug	0.02	82
Sep	0.18	80
Oct	0.80	74
Nov	1.68	64
Dec	2.61	58

2-Axis Chart

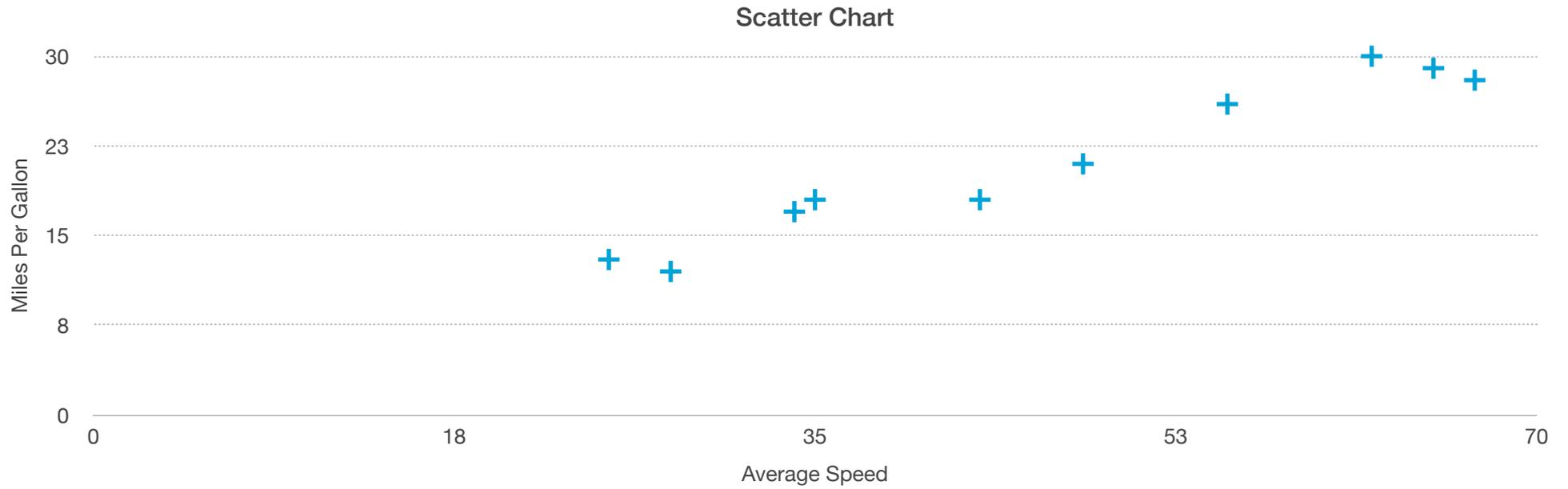


Scatter charts show the correlation between pairs of values in a series of data.

Scatter charts can suggest correlations between income and experience, vehicle speed and gas consumption, price and durability, and height and weight.

Average Speed vs. Miles Per Gallon

AVERAGE SPEED	MILES PER GALLON
25	13
28	12
34	17
35	18
43	18
48	21
55	26
62	30
65	29
67	28



Bubble charts show correlations between three points of data in a series: x values, y values, and sizes.

For example, bubble charts can be used to illustrate how profit correlates to the number of employees and units sold, or to suggest a trend in birth rates compared to the populations of different countries over time.

Total Sales by Salespeople and Units Sold

SALESPEOPLE	UNITS SOLD	TOTAL SALES
8	264	£7,010,784
14	378	£5,352,858
11	210	£5,918,000
10	270	£6,974,910
4	105	£2,964,150
13	286	£3,897,894
5	190	£4,686,350
7	133	£1,844,843
12	384	£11,382,528

Bubble Chart

